

DDA/RR GP 60-30-L
29 February 1960

TOURIST, INDUSTRIAL, AND PROFESSIONAL OBJECTIVES

IN AND NEAR MOSCOW*

A. Guided Missile Targets

- I. Central Artillery Design Bureau (TsAKB)
- IIa. Scientific Research Institute (NII)/Factory 88
- IIb. Scientific Research Institute (NII)/Factory 88
- IIc. Scientific Research Institute (NII)/Factory 88
- IIIa. Central Aerohydrodynamics Institute (TsAGI)
- IIIb. Central Aerohydrodynamics Institute (TsAGI)
- IV. Scientific Research Institute (NII) 4
- V. Scientific Research Institute (NII) 20/Factory 304
- VIa. Scientific Research Institute (NII) 3
- VIb. Scientific Research Institute (NII) 3
- VIIa. Special Design Bureau (OKB)/Experimental Factory for Missile Engine Development (456)
- VIIb. Special Design Bureau (OKB)/Experimental Factory for Missile Engine Development (456)
- VIII. Mashinostroitel' Factory
- IX. Aircraft Plant 82 Tushino

B. Tourist Objectives in the City of Moscow

Target numbers IIIa, VIa, VIb, and VIII are located within the city limits of Moscow. Although some installations are closed, no areas of the city are officially closed to tourists; movement about the

* With the exception of information enclosed within brackets and followed by a double asterisk (**), the information on tourist objectives listed by arabic numerals can be considered unclassified when an item is extracted individually.

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city is therefore assumed to be unrestricted. Because Moscow is one of the large cities of the world, the capital of the USSR, and in many ways the center of Russian life, it has a wide variety of legitimate tourist objectives.

The three civil airfields (shown on Map 28672) that serve Moscow are interconnected by a light plane service (not helicopter) for passengers making transfers from one airfield to another. The map shows by dashed lines the possible track that could be followed by the light planes going from one airfield to another.

C. Tourist Objectives Near or on the Way to Central Artillery Design Bureau (TsAKB) (Target I)

1. "Podlipki" Sanatorium; for adults with circulatory disorders; two specialized departments treating ailments of the cardio-vascular system and ailments of the gastro-intestinal tract; formerly operated by Supply Administration of the Ministry of the Aviation Industry of the USSR; 1956 information.
2. Lyzhnaya Baza "Dinamo"; ski area believed to be operated by "Dinamo" All-Union Physical Culture and Sports Society.
3. Moskovskiy Lesotekhnicheskii Institut (MLTI) (Moscow Wood Technology Institute); an Institution of Higher Education (VUZ) devoted to training engineers in various phases of wood technology; operated by Ministry of Higher Education of the USSR; has a correspondence division.

D. Tourist Objectives Near or on the Way to Scientific Research Institute (NII)/Factory 88 (Target IIa)

4. Kaliningradskiy Sanatorium; for children of school age having light cases of tuberculosis of the lungs; operated by Mytishchinskiy Rayonnyy Otdel Zdravookhraneniya (Mytishchinskiy Rayon Division of Public Health).

E. Tourist Objectives Near or on the Way to Scientific Research Institute (NII)/Factory 88 (Target IIb)

5. Mytishchinskiy Industrial'nyy Tekhnikum (Mytishchinskiy Industrial Technical School); vocational school at secondary level; formerly operated by Ministry of the Building Materials Industry of the RSFSR; 1956 information.
6. Mytishchinskiy Mashinostroitel'nyy Tekhnikum (Mytishchinskiy Machine Building Technical School); vocational school at secondary level; formerly operated by Ministry of the Automobile Industry of the USSR; 1956 information.

7. Selo Tayninskoye (Tayninskoye settlement); has stone church built by Tsar Aleksey Mikhaylovich in 1675-77; settlement formerly seat at which several tsars held court on their pilgrimages to Zagorsk.

F. Tourist Objectives Near or on the Way to Scientific Research Institute (NII)/Factory 88 (Target IIc)

8. Kalinin Sanatorium; for adults with light cases of active tuberculosis; operated by Moskovskiy Oblastnoy Otdel Zdravookhraneniya (Moscow Oblast' Division of Public Health); grounds include dacha formerly owned by well-known Russian singer, F.I. Chaliapin. Lyubimovka, a country home formerly owned by K.S. Stanislavskiy and associated with A.P. Chekhov is nearby.
9. American Embassy Dacha
10. "Pamyat Il'icha" Collective Farm; collective farm visited by General Eisenhower and his son in 1945. An individual now living on the farm, Stepanida Georgiyevskaya, published invitation to President Eisenhower to revisit farm (USSR, No. 12 (39), December 1959, p. 60).
11. Tuberkuleznyy Sanatoriy Zheleznodorozhnogo Rayonnogo Otdela Zdravookhraneniya goroda Moskvy (Tuberculosis Sanatorium of the Zheleznodorozhniy Rayon Division of Public Health of the City of Moscow); for children of preschool age having light cases of tuberculosis; 1956 information.
12. Kostinskiy Childrens' Sanatorium; psychoneurological sanatorium for children of school age; operated by Moskovskiy Oblastnoy Otdel Zdravookhraneniya (Moscow Oblast' Division of Public Health).
13. V.I. Lenin Home and Museum; home of Lenin for short time in 1921-22, now converted into a museum; excursions to it believed to be arranged by Moskovskoye Gorodskoye Ekskursionnoye Byuro (Moscow City Excursion Bureau).
14. Moskovskiy Shveyunnyy Tekhnikum (Moscow Technical School for the Needle Crafts); vocational school at secondary level devoted to training students in needlecraft trades; believed to be operated by Upravleniye Srednikh Spetsial'nykh Uchebnykh Zavedeniy (Administration of Secondary Special Educational Institutions) Ministry of Higher Education of the USSR.

G. Tourist Objectives Near or on the Way to Central Aerohydrodynamics Institute (TsAGI) (Target IIIa)

Old TsAGI together with Aircraft Factory 156; located at 17, Radio Ulitsa -- between Radio Ulitsa and Baumanskaya Ulitsa; N.E. Zhukovskiy Museum also at 17, Radio Ulitsa; no other tourist objectives near this target have been selected.

H. Tourist Objectives Near or on the Way to Central Aerohydrodynamics Institute (TsAGI) (Target 111b)

15. Sanatoriy Zhukovskogo Gorodskogo Otdela Zdravookhraneniya (Sanatorium of the Zhukovskiy City Division of Public Health); general therapeutic sanatorium for children of nursery school age having rachitis.
16. "Otdykh" Sanatorium; for adults with active cases of tuberculosis of the lungs.
17. "Otdykh" Central Clinical Sanatorium No. 2; for adults with tuberculosis of the lungs and throat for which surgical treatment is advisable.
18. Sanatoriy Vrachebno-sanatornoy Sluzhby Moskovsko-Ryazanskoy Zheleznoy Dorogi (Sanatorium of the Medical and Sanitation Service of the Moskovsko-Ryazanskiy Railroad System); for children of preschool age having tuberculous intoxication (tuberkulëznaya intoksikatsiya).
19. Dom Otdykha Gosmaterial'nykh Rezervov pri Sovete Ministrov SSSR (Rest Home of the Workers in the Government Materiel Stockpiles of the Council of Ministers of the USSR).
20. Childrens' railroad; runs 4.5 kilometers from Stantsiya Otdykh to Dachniy Poselok Kratovo; known as Malaya Detskaya Ryazanskaya Zheleznaya Doroga (Miniature Ryazanskiy Railroad); railroad one-third full size, operated entirely by children.
21. "Kratovo" Sanatorium; serves old age pensioners with ailments of the cardio-vascular and nervous systems.
22. Sanatoriy Komiteta Gosudarstvennoy Bezopasnosti SSSR (Sanatorium of the Committee of State Security of the USSR); [not a tourist objective, should be avoided];** connected with the secret police organization but located in settlement with several other sanatoria.
23. "Dachnoye" Rest Home
24. Selo Gzhel (Gzhel Settlement); center of local art pottery industry dating back to 18th century.
25. Sovkhoz "Gzhelka" ("Gzhelka" State Farm); large fish and waterfowl enterprise located on broad ponds and lakes in flood plain of River Gzhelka.

** Classified information.

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26. Ramenskiy Rayonnyy Krayevedicheskiy Muzey (Ramenskiy Rayon Museum of Local Lore); has many local artifacts.
27. Borisoglebskoye Lake; an attractive lake in Ramenskoye.
28. "Krasnoye Znamya" Tekstil'naya Predpriyataya ("Red Banner" Textile Enterprise); one of largest textile mills in Moscow area; also one of oldest, established in Tsarist days.
29. Kruglitsa Gorodishche (Kruglitsa Archeological Site); site where numerous Neolithic artifacts have been found; some exhibited in Ramenskiy Rayonnyy Krayevedicheskiy Muzey (No. 26, above).
30. Kolkhoz imeni Tel'mana (Tel'man Collective Farm); a particularly productive collective farm.
31. Chulkovo Gorodishche (Chulkovo Archeological Site).
32. Borovskoye Gorodishche (Borovskoye Archeological Site); site where artifacts of several different cultures have been found at various levels; up to 17th century site of church and graveyard associated with a Moscow monastery.
33. Vereya-Bykovo Gorodishche (Vereya-Bykovo Archeological Site); site where artifacts of several different cultures have been found; some exhibited in Ramenskiy Rayonnyy Krayevedicheskiy Muzey (No. 26, above).

I. Tourist Objectives Near or on the Way to Scientific Research Institute (NII 4) (Target IV)

34. "Bolshevskiy" Rest Home; operated by Central Committee of the Trade Union of Workers in the Defense Industry; [may be some sensitivity about allowing contacts].**
35. "Bolshevo" Sanatorium; general therapeutic sanatorium for adults; operated by Ministry of Culture of the USSR.
36. "Sosnovyy Bor" Sanatorium; for adults with ailments of the cardio-vascular system.
37. "Bolshevskiy" Sanatorium; for children of preschool and nursery school age having light cases of tuberculosis.
38. "Ukarnik" Rest Home
39. Sovkhoz "Lesnyye Polyany" ("Lesnyye Polyany" State Farm); first state farm in USSR; established by V.I. Lenin.

40. Shkola Fabrichno-Zavodskoye Uchilishche pri Pryadil'notkatskoy Fabrike imeni Pervogo Maya (School for Factory-Plant Education Attached to the First-of-May Textile Factory); example of one of lowest class of vocational schools in USSR.
41. "Ivanteyevskiy" Sanatorium; for children of preschool age having tuberculosis of the glands; another sanatorium of same name treats children having tuberculosis of the bone.
42. "Ivanteyevka" Sanatorium; for adults with nontubercular respiratory ailments.
43. Selo Komyagino (Komyagino Settlement); includes rare example of Russian architecture, a church rebuilt in 1678.
44. Tourist objectives Near or on the Way to Scientific Research Institute (NII) 20/Factory 304 (Target V)
 44. Galalitovyy Zavod (Casein Plastic Plant); located in Nizhniye Mnevniki; operated by Administration of the Chemical Industry of the Moscow City Executive Committee.
 45. Lodochnaya Stantsiya "Mnevniki" ("Mnevniki" Boat Rental Station).
 46. Lakokrasochnyy Zavod (Lacquer and Dye Plant); located in Verkhniye Mnevniki; operated by Moscow Oblast' Trust for the Supply of Building Materials and Equipment of the Administration of Housing of the Moscow Oblast' Executive Committee.
 47. Bathing beach.
 48. "Krylatskoye" Rest Home No. 5; operated by Ministry of the Aviation Industry of the USSR.
 49. "Krylatskoye" Rest Home.
 50. Kuntsevskoye Gorodishche (Kuntsevskoye Archeological Site); originally site of a hilltop stronghold surrounded by ditch; later, in 16th century, site of a church and cemetery; several old gravestones remain.
 51. Lodochnaya Stantsiya "Kuntsevo" ("Kuntsevo" Boat Rental Station).
 52. "Udarnik" Rest Home; unusually large facility.
 53. Tekhnicheskoye Uchilishche No. 7 (Technical School No. 7); technical trade school.

- 54. Kuntsevskiy Sanatoriy Kuntsevskogo Gorodskogo Otdela Zdravookhraneniya (Kuntsevskiy Sanatorium of the Kuntsevo City Division of Public Health); for children of preschool and nursery school age having tuberculous intoxication (tuberkulëznaya intoksikatsiya).
- 55. Uchebno-Proizvodstvennyy Kombinat Mosoblimestproma; producing and educational combine of the Moscow Oblast' Trust of the Moscow Oblast' Local Industry Administration.
- 56. Home of Boris Pasternak; author of Doctor Zhivago; in settlement of Peredelkino.

K. Tourist Objectives Near or on the Way to Scientific Research Institute (NII) 3 (Target VIa)

Located on Solyanka Ulitsa, just east of the Kremlin; no nearby tourist objectives in the city of Moscow have been selected.

L. Tourist Objectives Near or on the Way to Scientific Research Institute (NII) 3 (Target VIIb)

Located in Moscow; no tourist objectives near this target have been selected.

M. Tourist Objectives Near or on the Way to Special Design Bureau (OKB) / Experimental Factory for Missile Engine Development (456) (Targets VIIa and VIIb)

- 57. Tsentral'nyy Nauchno-Issledovatel'skiy Institut Mekhanicheskoy Obrabotki Drevesiny (TsNIIMOD) (Central Scientific Research Institute for Mechanical Processing of Lumber).
- 58. Tsentral'nyy Nauchno-Issledovatel'skiy Lesokhimicheskiy Institut (TsNILKHI) (Central Scientific Research Institute of Wood Chemistry).
- 59. Tsentral'nyy Muzei Tekhniki Lesnoy Promyshlennosti (Central Museum of the Technology of the Forest Industry).
- 60. Tsentral'nyy Nauchno-Issledovatel'skiy Institut Mekhanizatsii i Energetiki Lesozagotovok (TsNIIME) (Central Scientific Research Institute of the Mechanization and Application of Energy to the Preparation of Lumber).
- 61. Moskovskiy Gosudarstvennyy Biblioteknyy Institut imeni V.M. Molotova (Moscow State Institute of Library Science, named for V.M. Molotov; one of three such institutes in USSR; has a correspondence division).
- 62. Lyzhnaya Baza "Dinamo"; ski area believed to be operated by "Dinamo" All-Union Physical Culture and Sports Society (not to be confused with item 2, above).

N. Tourist Objectives Near or on the Way to Mashinostroitel' Factory
(Target VIII)

located in Moscow at Chernogryazskiy 2-y Pereulok, 5; no tourist objectives near this target have been selected.

O. Tourist Objectives Near or on the Way to Aircraft Plant 82 Tushino
(Target IX)

63. Dom Otdykha "Brattsevo" ("Brattsevo" Rest Home); located on an old estate built by famous Russian architect, A.N. Voronikhin (1716-1814), who designed Kazanskiy Sobor (Kazanskiy Cathedral) in Leningrad.
64. "Tushinskiy" Tuberkuleznyy Sanatoriy ("Tushinskiy" Tuberculosis Sanatorium); for adults with light cases of active tuberculosis.
65. Spas-Tushinskoye Gorodishche (Spas-Tushinskoye Archeological Site); site where Neolithic and later artifacts have been found; known to Russian archeologists since 1880.
66. Tekhnicheskoye Uchilishche No. 1 (Technical School No. 1); technical trade school.
67. Izdatel'stvo Gazety "Sovetskiy Patriot" (Publishing House of the Newspaper "Sovetskiy Patriot").
68. Setunskoye Gorodishche (Setunskoye Archeological Site); site identified in 1924; includes remains of monastery dating from 15th century.
69. Lodochnaya Stantsiya "Krasnogorsk" ("Krasnogorsk" Boat Rental Station).
70. Gol'yevskoye Gorodishche (Gol'yevskoye Archeological Site); site dating from 1st century A.D.; discovered by archeologists in 19th century.
71. Tsentral'nyy Morskoy Klub DOSAAF SSSR and Vodnaya Stantsiya Tsentral'nogo Morskogo Kluba (Central Boat Club of the All-Union Voluntary Society for the Promotion of the Army, Aviation and Navy of the USSR and the Boat House of the Central Boat Club); club engages in water sports; also has responsibility for water safety of general public.
72. Shkola Fabrichno-zavodskoye Uchilishche pri Tushinskoy Chulochnoy Fabrike (School for Factory-Plant Education Attached to the Tushinskaya Stocking Factory); comparable to a vocational school in U.S.

73. Oblastnaya Vrachebno-Trudovaya Ekspertnaya Kommissiya (Oblast' Workers Medical Examination Commission); examines disabled workers and establishes degree of disability.
74. Tsentral'naya Aviamodel'naya Laboratoriya (TsAML) (Central Aviation Model Laboratory).
75. Tsentral'nyy Aeroklub SSSR imeni V.P. Chkalova (V.P. Chkalov Central Aviation Club of the USSR); leading club in USSR devoted to aviation affairs; section devoted to space travel research.
76. Tushinskiy Voyenny Lager' (Tushinskiy Military Camp); site of large military camp established there in 1608-09 by False Dmitri II; large number of artifacts collected here in 1927 and 1928.